# U. S. NAVAL TECHNICAL MISSION TO JAPAN CARE OF FLEET POST OFFICE SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA

10 February 1946

### RESTRICTED

From: Chief, Naval Technical Mission to Japan.

To: Chief of Naval Operations.

Subject: Target Report - Japanese Shipboard Rocket Launchers.

Reference: (a)"Intelligence Targets Japan" (DNI) of 4 Sept. 1945.

1. Subject report, covering Target 0-50(N) of Fascicle 0-1 of reference (a), is submitted herewith.

2. The investigation of the target and the target report were accomplished by Comdr. (E) A. J. Stewart, RN.

C. G. GRIMES Captain, USN

# JAPANESE SHIPBOARD ROCKET LAUNCHERS

"INTELLIGENCE TARGETS JAPAN" (DNI) OF 4 SEPT. 1945

FASCICLE O-1, TARGET O-50(N)

FEBRUARY 1946

U.S. NAVAL TECHNICAL MISSION TO JAPAN

### SUMMARY

#### ORDNANCE TARGETS

#### JAPANESE SHIPBOARD ROCKET LAUNCHERS

Only one of the rocket launchers used by the Japanese Navy was of any interest. It was a triple 25mm machine gun mount, remotely controlled by a Ward Leonard System, which had been modified in July 1944 to fire twenty-eight 12cm rockets, weighing  $49\frac{1}{2}$  pounds each, to a range of approximately 3000 feet vertically and 1640 yards on the surface.

NTJ - L - O - 50 (N)

RESTRICTED

# TABLE OF CONTENTS

SummaryPage	<b>)</b> 1
List of IllustrationsPag	3
References	, 4
Introduction	3 5
The Report	e 7

RESTRICTED

# LIST OF ILLUSTRATIONS

	DIAGRAMATIC SKETCHES OF 12cm, 28 BARREL ROCKET LAUNCHER
Figure 1.	General Arrangement
Figure 2.	Training and Elevating Electrical Circuits
Figure 3.	Rocket in Firing Position
Figure 4.	Firing Circuit

O-50(N) RESTRICTED

## REFERENCES

### Location of Target:

Kure Navy Yard.

Aircraft carrier KATSURAGI.

Japanese Personnel Interviewed:

Captain DAKE, Navy Technical Department, Navy Ministry, TOKYO.

Mr. OTANI and Mr. KOGA, Ordnance Department Kure Navy Yard.

Pertinent Reports of Other Intelligence Agencies:

Report No. 113 of the Ordnance Intelligence Section of the U. S. Army 5250th Technical Intelligence Company.

RESTRICTED O-50(N)

## INTRODUCTION

The object of this investigation was to obtain information on rocket launchers of interest used by the Japanese Navy. Officers in the Ordnance Department at Kure Navy Yard and in the Navy Technical Department at TOKYO were interrogated. Launchers were inspected at KURE.

RESTRICTED O-50(N)

### THE REPORT

Until 1944, only the crudest trough-like rocket launchers were used by the Japanese Navy. In June of that year orders were received to design a multiple rocket launcher suitable for shipboard use. One month was allowed for designing and producing the first model. In order to save time, the 25mm triple machine gun mount already in use (remotely controlled by a ward Leonard System with a French-type L.P.R. simple course and speed sight) was modified for this purpose.

Twenty-eight barrels were fitted to this launcher. It was designed to fire 12cm rockets. Only the following alterations to the machine gun mounts were necessary:

- (1) A completely new cradle was fitted.
- (2) Thin steel cabinets were fitted on either side of the mount to protect the crew from flame.
- (3) The firing switch was changed to a rotary switch, to allow the rockets to be fired in a ripple.

The principal characteristics of the new launcher were as follows:

Length of "barrel"51.2 in
Diameter of rocket4.73 in
Weight of rocket
Length of rocket
Weight of explosive
Weight of propellant7.48 lbs
Fuze (time)
Firing mechanismelectric
Rate of fire
Combustion time of propellant
Range, vertical3280 feet
Range, surface
Limits of elevation50 to +800
Elevating speed (maximum)180/sec (by power)
(One turn of handwneel30 of elevation)
Training speed (maximum)
(One turn of handwheel30 or train)
Weight of elevating parts
Weight of training parts
Weight of base plate, etc420 lbs
Total weight3460 los

Four of these launchers with their directors have been shipped to the United States for examination. The director and its remote control system are described in NavTechJap Report, "Japanese Fire Control" (Index No. 0-29). The 25mm triple machine gun mount is described in Enclosure (C) of NavTechJap Report, "Japanese Naval Guns and Mounts, Article 2-AA Machine Guns and Mounts" (Index No. 0-47(N)-2). The general arrangement of the launcher and director is shown in Figures 1 to 4 of this report.

No other launchers of interest were used by the Japanese Navy.

### 12 cm. 28 BARREL ROCKET LAUNCHER

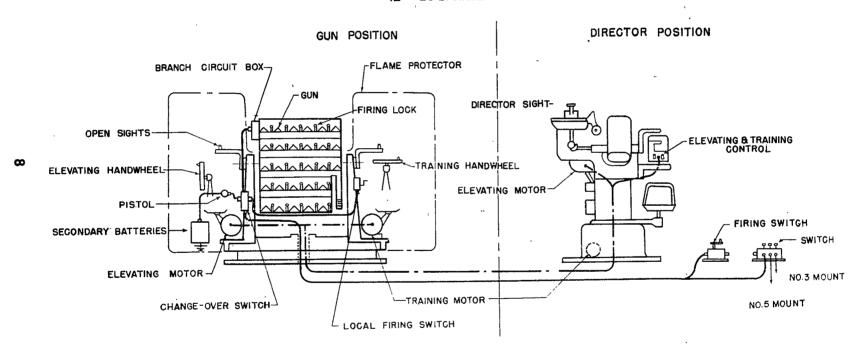
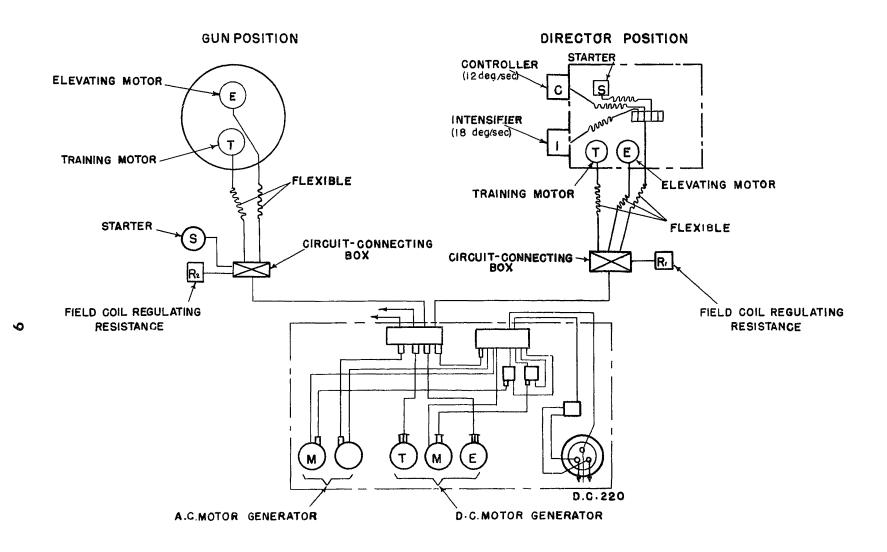
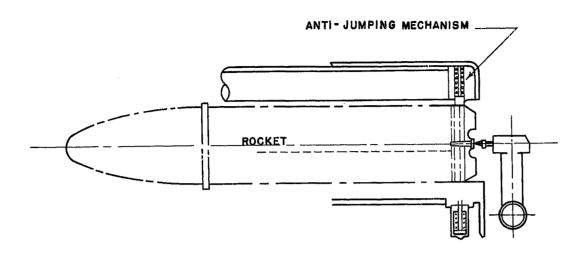
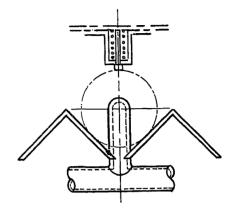


Figure 1 12cm 28 Barrel Rocket Launcher – General Arbangement



Low 1.8 LARREL BOOTET LAUNCHER - TRAINING AND FLET LPING ELECTRICAL CIRCUITS





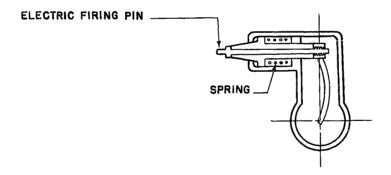


Figure 3 12cm 25 BARRET ROCKET TAUNCHER - ROCKET IN FIRING POSITION

RESTRICTED O-50(N)

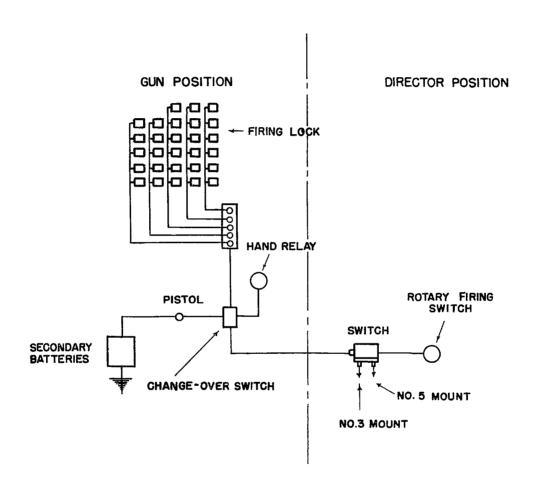


Figure 4
12cm 28 BARREL ROCKET LAUNCHER FIRING CIRCUIT